

# Convegno di studio "La banca nel nuovo ordinamento europeo: luci ed ombre"

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**Courmayeur 22<sup>nd</sup> September 2017** 



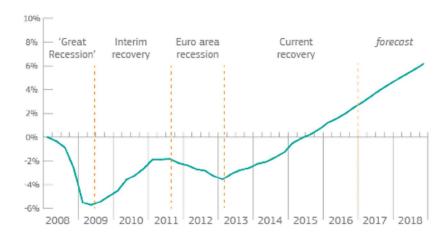
## **Europe's steady recovery is continuing**

% change in the level of investment in the euro area compared to 2008



Source: European Commission

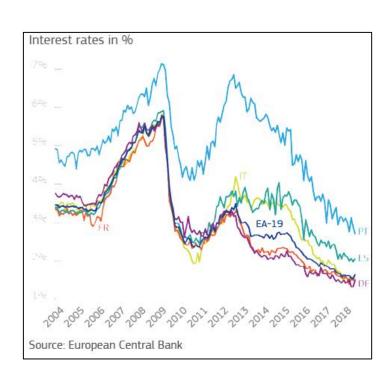
% change in the level of real GDP of the euro area compared to 2008

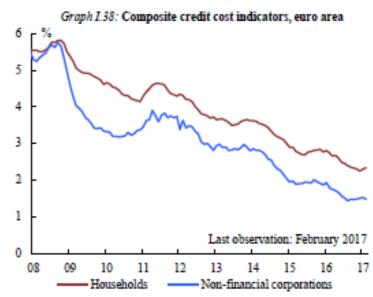


Source: European Commission



# **Success Factor: Monetary Policy**



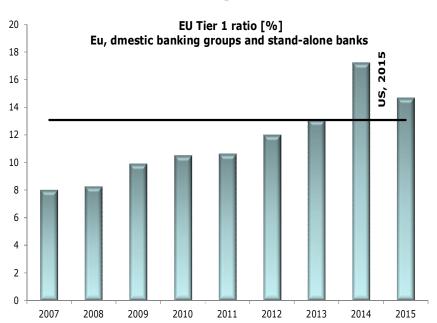


Sources: ECB, Bloomberg, own calculations



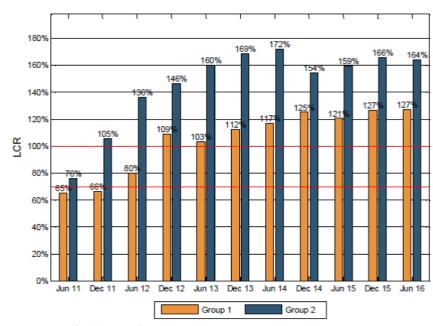
## **Success Factor: Banking regulation**

#### **Coverage Ratio**



#### **Liquidity Coverage Ratio**

Figure 11: Evolution of LCR by bank group (%)



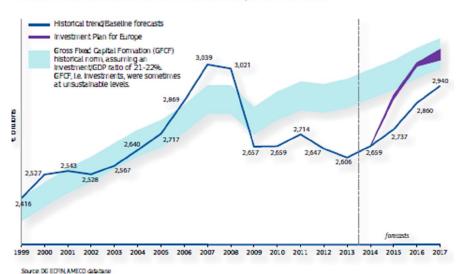
Source: EBA QIS data (June 2016)

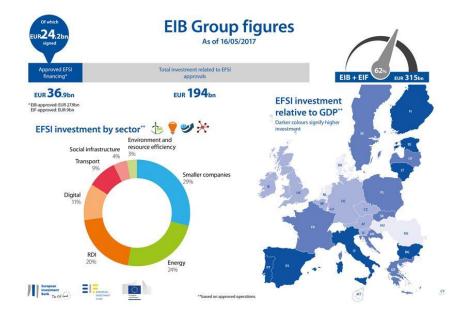


#### **Success Factor: Investments**

#### Real gross fixed capital formation

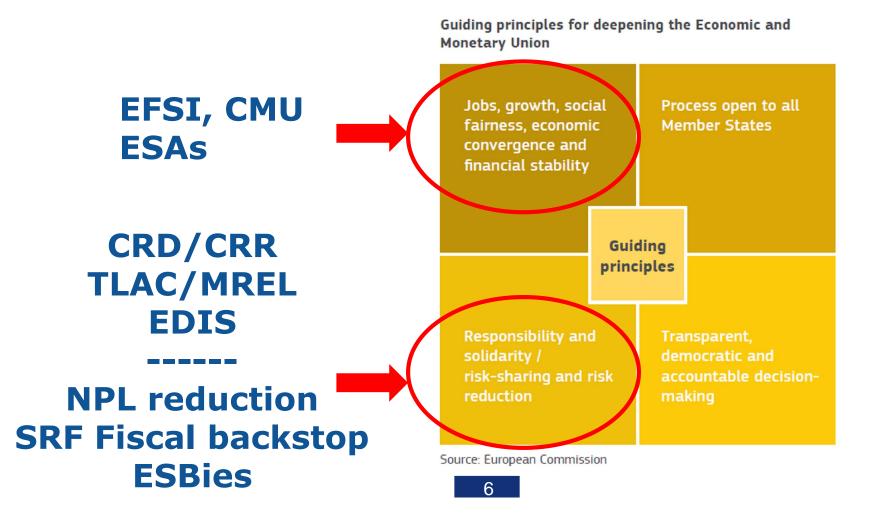
Baseline trend vs. historical norm vs. investment Plan EU-28, in 2013 prices (in billions of euros)







#### What still needs to be done?







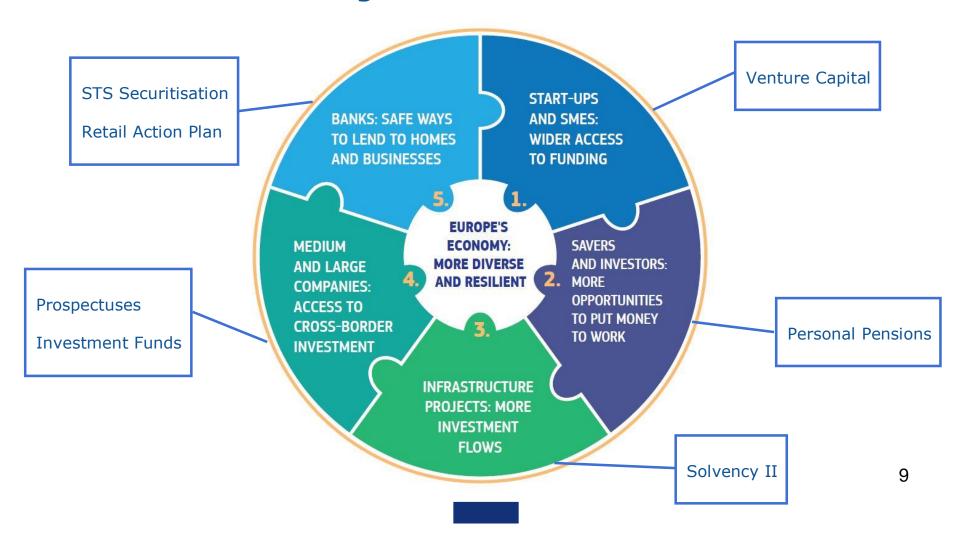


# Targeting Growth and Financial Stability: the Capital Markets Union

# Delivering on the Capital Markets Union Implementation and mid-term review of Action Plan to promote capital markets integration and establish a full Capital Markets Union by 2019 Review of European Supervisory Authorities — first steps towards a single European capital markets supervisor



# **CMU** objectives and actions





### **Risk Reduction**

Reducing risks and making banks more resilient						
November 2016 Banking Package Reinforcing the banking Single Rulebook with further risk-reducing measures	<b>V</b>	in place under negotiation in the European Parliament/ Council				
Developing a <b>non-performing loans strategy</b> along four key policy areas: (i) Supervision, (ii) Secondary markets, (iii) Structural issues (including insolvency), (iv) Restructuring of the banking system	<b>&gt;</b>	commitment to agree on a strategy at the ECOFIN Council of June 2017				



# Risk Sharing (i.e. completing the Banking Union)

Completing the three pillars of the Banking Union	
Single Supervisory Mechanism	✓ fully operational
Single Resolution Mechanism Single Resolution Board + Single Resolution Fund to be fully mutualised in 2025	Single Resolution Board up and running Fiscal backstop to the Single Resolution Fund to be put in place
European Deposit Insurance Scheme	currently under negotiation in the European Parliament/Council



	POLICY	DESCRIPTION	Earney State	European Factorizati	Council of the Suspens Union
7	European Deposit Insurance Scheme	A key part of completing the European Banking Union, this proposal was tabled by the Commission in November 2015. Although technical work has advanced, it has so far proved difficult for either co-legislator to reach an internal consensus on the main political provisions. The Parliament aims to be ready with a negotiating mandate in the autumn, while the timing of an equivalent step on the Council side remains difficult to predict.	•	4	•
8	Capital requirements Regulation reform	This proposal from November 2016 has now been split, to allow for more rapid consideration of key elements — the adaptation of EU accounting rules to international Financial Reporting Standard 9 and to deal with large financial exposures. The Council is now ready to begin negotiations on this issue and the Parliament should be ready in September. There should be a reasonable prospect of reaching agreement this year.	•	•	(0)
12	Supervision of credit institutions and investment firms: Exempted entities, financial holding companies, mixed financial holding companies, remuneration, supervisory measures and powers and capital conservation measures	The current state of play makes it highly unlikely that agreement on this proposal from November 2016 will be possible in 2017. The Parliament has scheduled to agree a negotiating mandate by December while the Council has not yet fixed a target date.	•	•	•

AGREEMENT POSSIBLE IN 2017

AGREEMENT POSSIBLE IN 2018 IF STRONG POLITICAL COMMITMENT FROM ALL EU INSTITUTIONS ...



	POLICY	DESCRIPTION	D Language Contractions	humpeni Refunded	Council of the Buttipeen Union
9	Loss-absorbing and recapitalisation capacity — Regulation	The current state of play in the consideration by the co- legislators of these linked proposals from November 2016 makes it unlikely that agreement will be possible	•		
10	Loss-absorbing and recapitalisation capacity — Directive	in 2017. The Parliament has scheduled to agree a negotiating mandate by December and the Council has not yet fixed a target date.	•	•	•
11	Ranking of unsecured debt instruments in insolvency hierarchy	This proposal, from November 2016, has seen the Council agree a negotiating mandate in June 2017 and the Parliament accelerate its considerations with a view to reaching a mandate in September. There should be a reasonable prospect of reaching agreement this year.	•	•	

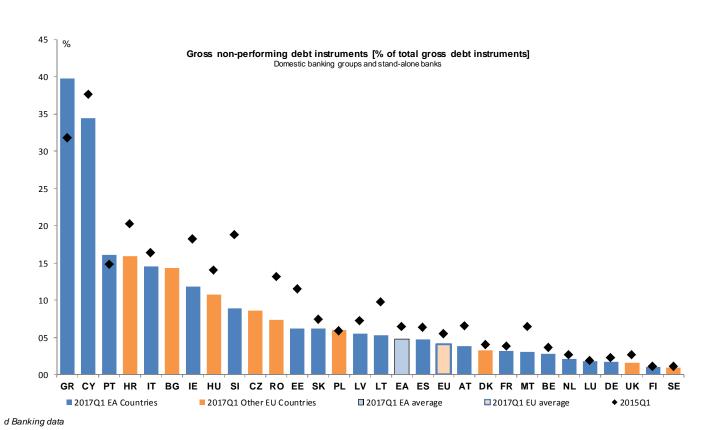
PRESENTED AND AGREED .

AGREEMENT POSSIBLE IN 2017

AGREEMENT POSSIBLE IN 2018 IF STRONG POLITICAL COMMITMENT FROM ALL EU INSTITUTIONS ...



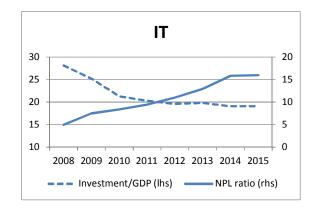
# **NPL** ratio by Member State

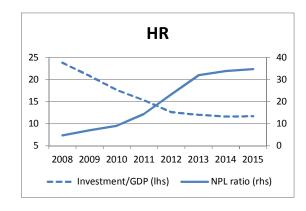




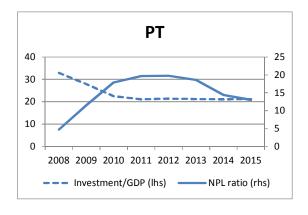
### **NFC NPLs and investment**

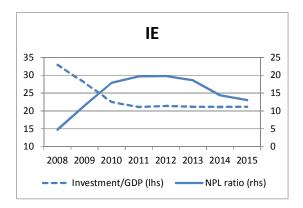
**NPL** build-up





**NPL** work-out







#### **NPLs**

- End 2017: clarification on Supervisory powers (provisioning, own funds deductions, etc.)
- " End 2017 : AMC Blueprint
- End 2017: NPL infrastructures (standardised data and trading platforms)
- Mid 2018: Approach to foster secondary markets
- End 2018 : ESRB will develop macroprudential approaches
- From 2017: Focus on insolvency issues in the EU Semester
- **From 2017 : updates to Council every 6 months**



# SRF Fiscal Backstop (in a wider context)





#### 6/12 Economic and Monetary Union package of proposals

- Transformation of the European Stability Mechanism into a European Monetary Fund
- Creation of a dedicated euro area budget line within the EU budget providing for four functions: (1) structural reform assistance, (2) a stabilisation function, (3) a backstop for the Banking Union, and (4) a convergence instrument to give pre-accession assistance to non-euro area Member States
- Creation of a double-hatted European Minister of Economy and Finance







Can capital needs be raised in full from private sources?



State aid free solution = outside scope of BRRD & EU state aid rules

Is the bank solvent? (ECB decision)

NO

**EXCEPTION** 

AND

Bank is not failing

and viable in the

long-term?

Precautionary

recapitalisation

(EC decision)

(Art. 32(4) BRRD,

18(4) SRMR)

All BRRD conditions

must be met AND EU state aid rules apply

Bank is failing / likely to fail Are all incurred & likely losses covered by (ECB decision) private means?



Is it in public interest to put bank into resolution? (SRB\* decision)



Resolution under EU framework -BRRD\*\* (EC decision) (Art. 18(1) SRMR\*\*\*\*)

If use of SRF\*\*\* necessary: BRRD and EU state aid rules apply

Wind-down under national law (national authorities) (Art. 18(1) SRMR)

If Member State wants to grant state aid - EU state aid rules apply (EC decision)

\* SRB - Single Resolution Board
\*\* BRRD - Bank Recovery&Resolution Directive
\*\*\* SRF - Single Resolution Fund
\*\*\*\* SRMR - Single Resolution Mechanism Regulation



#### **ESBies Framework**

#### Beyond Banking Union and Capital Markets Union

Fostering diversification of bank balance sheets, for example through sovereign bond-backed securities



under assessment

